# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	§ 8	
v.	§	CRIMINAL NO. 17-729S
XAVIER RENALDO HAYWOOD,	9 <b>§</b>	•
Defendant.	§	

# PLEA AGREEMENT

The United States of America, by and through Jennifer B. Lowery, Acting United States Attorney for the Southern District of Texas, and Sherri L. Zack, Assistant United States Attorney, and the defendant, Xavier Renaldo Haywood ("Defendant"), and Defendant's counsel, Brent Mayr, pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(A) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, state that they have entered into an agreement, the terms and conditions of which are as follows:

# Defendant's Agreement

1. Defendant agrees to plead guilty to Counts 1 and 2 of the Superseding Information. Counts 1 and 2 charge Defendant with Use of an Interstate Facility to Promote Unlawful Activity, Aiding and Abetting, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1952(a)(3)(A) and, Section 2. Defendant, by entering this plea, agrees that he is waiving any right to have the facts that the law makes essential to the punishment either charged in the indictment, or proved to a jury or proven beyond a reasonable doubt.

#### **Punishment Range**

2. The **statutory** maximum penalty for a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952(a)(3)(A) and (b), is imprisonment for not more than 5 years and a fine of not more than \$250,000.00. Additionally, under Counts 1 and 2 Defendant may receive a term of supervised release of not more than 3 years. See Title 18, United States Code, sections 3559(a)(3) and 3583(k). Defendant acknowledges and understands that if he should violate the conditions of any period of supervised release which may be imposed as part of his sentence, then Defendant may be imprisoned for the entire term of supervised release, without credit for time already served on the term of supervised release prior to such violation. See Title 18, United Stated Code, sections 3559(a)(3) and 3583(k). Furthermore, if Defendant commits any criminal offense under chapter 109A, 110, or 117, or section 1201 or 1591 of Title 18 of the United States Code, for which imprisonment for a term longer than 1 year can be imposed, the court shall revoke the term of supervised release and require the defendant to serve a term of imprisonment of not less than 5 years. See Title 18, United States Code, Section 3583(k). Defendant understands that he cannot have the imposition or execution of the sentence suspended, nor is she eligible for parole.

# **Mandatory Special Assessment**

3. Pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, section 3013(a)(2)(A), immediately after sentencing, Defendant will pay to the Clerk of the United States District Court a special assessment in the amount of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per count of conviction. The payment will be by cashier's check or money order, payable to the Clerk of the United States District Court, c/o District Clerk's Office, P.O. Box 61010, Houston, Texas 77208, Attention: Finance.

# **Immigration Consequences**

5. Defendant recognizes that pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to his immigration status if he is not a citizen of the United States. Defendant understands that if he is not a citizen of the United States, by pleading guilty he may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and denied admission to the United States in the future. Defendant's attorney has advised Defendant of the potential immigration consequences resulting from Defendant's plea of guilty.

# Waiver of Appeal and Collateral Review

6. Defendant is aware that Title 28, United States Code, section 1291, and Title 18, United States Code, section 3742, afford a defendant the right to appeal the conviction and sentence imposed. Defendant is also aware that Title 28, United States Code, section 2255, affords the right to contest or "collaterally attack" a

conviction or sentence after the judgment of conviction and sentence has become final. Defendant knowingly and voluntarily waives the right to appeal or "collaterally attack" the conviction and sentence, except that Defendant does not waive the right to raise a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel on direct appeal, if otherwise permitted, or on collateral review in a motion under Title 28, United States Code, section 2255. In the event Defendant files a notice of appeal following the imposition of the sentence or later collaterally attacks his conviction or sentence, the United States will assert its rights under this agreement and seek specific performance of these waivers.

7. In agreeing to these waivers, Defendant is aware that a sentence has not yet been determined by the Court. Defendant is also aware that any estimate of the possible sentencing range under the sentencing guidelines that he may have received from his counsel, the United States or the Probation Office, is a prediction and not a promise, did not induce her guilty plea, and is not binding on the United States, the Probation Office or the Court. The United States does not make any promise or representation concerning what sentence the defendant will receive. Defendant further understands and agrees that the United States Sentencing Guidelines are "effectively advisory" to the Court. See United States v. Booker, 543 U.S. 220 (2005). Accordingly, Defendant understands that, although the Court must consult the Sentencing Guidelines and must take them into account when sentencing

Defendant, the Court is not bound to follow the Sentencing Guidelines nor sentence Defendant within the calculated guideline range.

8. Defendant understands and agrees that each and all waivers contained in the Agreement are made in exchange for the concessions made by the United States in this plea agreement.

# The United States' Agreements

- 9. The United States agrees to each of the following:
- (a) If Defendant pleads guilty to Counts 1 and 2 of the superseding information and persists in that plea through sentencing, and if the Court accepts this plea agreement, the United States will move to dismiss all other charges at the time of sentencing;
- (b) If the Court determines that Defendant qualifies for an adjustment under section 3E1.1(a) of the United States Sentencing Guidelines, and the offense level prior to operation of section 3E1.1(a) is 16 or greater, the United States will move under section 3E1.1(b) for an additional one-level reduction because Defendant timely notified authorities of her intent to plead guilty, thereby permitting the United States to avoid preparing for trial and permitting the United States and the Court to allocate their resources more efficiently if the Defendant continues to truthfully admit hers conduct compromising the offenses of conviction, and truthfully admits or does not falsely deny any additional relevant conduct for which the Defendant is accountable.

# Agreement Binding - Southern District of Texas Only

10. The United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Texas agrees that it will not further criminally prosecute Defendant in the Southern District of Texas for offenses arising from conduct charged in the indictment. This plea agreement binds only the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District

of Texas and Defendant. It does not bind any other United States Attorney's Office. The United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Texas will bring this plea agreement and the full extent of Defendant's cooperation to the attention of other prosecuting offices, if requested.

# United States' Non-Waiver of Appeal

- 11. The United States reserves the right to carry out its responsibilities under guidelines sentencing. Specifically, the United States reserves the right:
  - (a) to bring its version of the facts of this case, including its evidence file and any investigative files, to the attention of the Probation Office in connection with that office's preparation of a presentence report;
  - (b) to set forth or dispute sentencing factors or facts material to sentencing;
  - (c) to seek resolution of such factors or facts in conference with Defendant's counsel and the Probation Office;
  - (d) to file a pleading relating to these issues, in accordance with section 6A1.2 of the United States Sentencing Guidelines and Title 18, United States Code, section 3553(a); and
  - (e) to appeal the sentence imposed or the manner in which it was determined.

#### **Sentence Determination**

12. Defendant is aware that the sentence will be imposed after consideration of the United States Sentencing Guidelines and Policy Statements, which are only advisory, as well as the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3553(a). Defendant nonetheless acknowledges and agrees that the Court has authority to

impose any sentence up to and including the statutory maximum set for the offense(s) to which Defendant pleads guilty, and that the sentence to be imposed is within the sole discretion of the sentencing judge after the Court has consulted the applicable Sentencing Guidelines. Defendant understands and agrees that the parties' positions regarding the application of the Sentencing Guidelines do not bind the Court and that the sentence imposed is within the discretion of the sentencing judge. If the Court should impose any sentence up to the maximum established by statute, or should the Court order any or all of the sentences imposed to run consecutively, Defendant cannot, for that reason alone, withdraw a guilty plea, and will remain bound to fulfill all of the obligations under this plea agreement.

# Rights at Trial

- 13. Defendant understands that by entering into this agreement, she surrenders certain rights as provided in this plea agreement. Defendant understands that the rights of a defendant include the following:
  - (a) If Defendant persisted in a plea of not guilty to the charges, defendant would have the right to a speedy jury trial with the assistance of counsel. The trial may be conducted by a judge sitting without a jury if Defendant, the United States, and the court all agree.
  - (b) At a trial, the United States would be required to present witnesses and other evidence against Defendant. Defendant would have the opportunity to confront those witnesses and his attorney would be allowed to cross-examine them. In turn, Defendant could, but would not be required to, present witnesses and other evidence on his own behalf. If the witnesses for Defendant would not appear

voluntarily, she could require their attendance through the subpoena power of the court; and

(c) At a trial, Defendant could rely on a privilege against self-incrimination and decline to testify, and no inference of guilt could be drawn from such refusal to testify. However, if Defendant desired to do so, she could testify on his own behalf.

# Factual Basis for Guilty Plea

14. Defendant is pleading guilty because he is in fact guilty of the charges contained in Counts 1 and 2 of the superseding information. If this case were to proceed to trial, the United States could prove each element of the offenses beyond a reasonable doubt. The following facts, among others would be offered to establish the Defendant's guilt:

On January 21, 2017, HPD Officer Jones was dispatched to an assault in progress at the Motel 7 on East Freeway, Room 149, Houston, TX. Ofc. Jones made contact with Minor Victim 1 (MV1), DOB 6/21/2002, and Defendant, Xavier Renaldo Haywood, DOB 12/6/1962. While Ofc. Jones was investigating the assault Task Force Officer D. Nieto was contacted. He requested that MV1 be transported to Texas Children's Hospital for a sexual assault examination. Child Protective Services was also contacted.

On scene, MV1 indicated that she had been with the Defendant for about 4 months and that he is her boyfriend. She stated that she lied to him about her age because she did not want to get him in trouble. They got into fights sometimes.

She indicated that she has been on the streets her entire life.

TFO Nieto was advised that MV1 was taken to Regional Medical Center located at 13111 East Freeway to be treated for a laceration she received from punching out a window in the motel room.

TFO Nieto and SA Williams met with the victim back at the hotel after her medical treatment. She was interviewed and provided the following information. MV1 identified a red Dodge pickup truck with a paper license plate, parked in front of room 149, as belonging to the Defendant. There was a trash bag in the back of the truck full of clothes and other items. MV1 stated she wanted her clothes back. The Defendant had stated that all the items from the room had been placed in the truck and gave verbal consent for the officers to retrieve the property of MV1. While gathering the victim's belongings, two cell phones were recovered. One cell phone was a Samsung in a green case and the other was an LG with a cracked screen. Both were found in the bed of the truck.

Defendant was Mirandized and agreed to speak to TFO Nieto and SA Williams. He claimed he met MV1 3 months ago and had been living with her in various motels. He stated MV1 was working the streets as a prostitute when they met. He admitted he had a sexual relationship with MV1 but said he believed she was 19. He stated she was working in a nearby strip club but claimed he had no knowledge of her engaging in prostitution.

SA Williams "googled" the cell phone number Defendant had provided and pulled up several escort ads and sexually suggestive photos of MV1. At that point, Defendant admitted to knowing MV1 was involved in prostitution and admitted the ads were posted under his cell phone number.

SA Williams and TFO Nieto then interviewed MV1. She stated she met Defendant three months ago and since then she and Defendant have had sex about once a week but over time that increased to seven days a week.

MV1 was then taken to Texas Children's Hospital where a sexual assault examination was done.

Motel records were obtained from Motel 7 and they show that Room 149 was rented, on two separate occasions, by Elvira Marquez, and R Hayward. Elvira Marquez's ID was stolen and used by MV1 as she could not rent a room as a minor.

Marquez was interviewed and confirmed her ID was stolen.

A state search warrant was obtained for the Defendant's phone. Some of the escort ads were also obtained by TFO Nieto.

The Defendant, via the use of his cell phone, aided and abetted MV1 utilizing the internet, a means and facility of interstate and foreign commerce, to promote MV1 for commercial sex.

# **Breach of Plea Agreement**

15. If Defendant should fail in any way to fulfill completely all of the obligations under this plea agreement, the United States will be released from its obligations under the plea agreement, and Defendant's plea and sentence will stand. If at any time Defendant retains, conceals, or disposes of assets in violation of this plea agreement, or if Defendant knowingly withholds evidence or is otherwise not completely truthful with the United States, then the United States may move the Court to set aside the guilty plea and reinstate prosecution. Any information and documents that have been disclosed by Defendant, whether prior to or subsequent to this plea agreement, and all leads derived therefrom, will be used against defendant in any prosecution.

# Restitution, Forfeiture, and Fines - Generally

- 16. This Plea Agreement is being entered into by the United States on the basis of Defendant's express representation that she will make a full and complete disclosure of all assets over which she exercises direct or indirect control, or in which he has any financial interest. Defendant agrees not to dispose of any assets or take any action that would effect a transfer of property in which she has an interest, unless Defendant obtains the prior written permission of the United States.
- 17. Defendant agrees to make complete financial disclosure by truthfully executing a sworn financial statement (Form OBD-500 or similar form) within 14

days of signing this plea agreement. Defendant agrees to authorize the release of all financial information requested by the United States, including, but not limited to, executing authorization forms permitting the United States to obtain tax information, bank account records, credit histories, and social security information. Defendant agrees to discuss and answer any questions by the United States relating to Defendant's complete financial disclosure.

- 18. Defendant agrees to take all steps necessary to pass clear title to forfeitable assets to the United States and to assist fully in the collection of restitution and fines, including, but not limited to, surrendering title, executing a warranty deed, signing a consent decree, stipulating to facts regarding the transfer of title and the basis for the forfeiture, and signing any other documents necessary to effectuate such transfer. Defendant also agrees to direct any banks which have custody of his/her assets to deliver all funds and records of such assets to the United States.
- 19. Defendant understands that forfeiture, restitution, and fines are separate components of sentencing and are separate obligations.

#### Restitution

20. Defendant agrees to pay full restitution to the victim(s) regardless of the count(s) of conviction. Defendant stipulates and agrees that as a result of his criminal conduct, the victim(s) incurred a monetary loss in an amount to be determined either before sentencing or within 90 days of the sentencing hearing.

Defendant understands and agrees that the Court will determine the amount of restitution to fully compensate the victim(s). Defendant agrees that restitution imposed by the Court will be due and payable immediately and that Defendant will not attempt to avoid or delay payment. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 6 above, Defendant waives the right to challenge in any manner, including by direct appeal or in a collateral proceeding, the restitution order imposed by the Court.

# Forfeiture

- 21. Defendant stipulates and agrees that the property listed in the Indictment's Notice of Forfeiture (and in any supplemental Notices) is subject to forfeiture, and Defendant agrees to the forfeiture of that property.
- 22. Defendant agrees to waive any and all interest in any asset which is the subject of a related administrative or judicial forfeiture proceeding, whether criminal or civil, federal or state.
- 23. Defendant consents to the order of forfeiture becoming final as to Defendant immediately following this guilty plea, pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 32.2(b)(4)(A).
- 24. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 6 above, Defendant waives the right to challenge the forfeiture of property in any manner, including by direct appeal or in a collateral proceeding.

#### **Fines**

25. Defendant understands that under the Sentencing Guidelines the Court is permitted to order Defendant to pay a fine that is sufficient to reimburse the government for the costs of any imprisonment or term of supervised release, if any. Defendant agrees that any fine imposed by the Court will be due and payable immediately, and Defendant will not attempt to avoid or delay payment. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 6 above, Defendant waives the right to challenge the fine in any manner, including by direct appeal or in a collateral proceeding.

### **Complete Agreement**

27. This written plea agreement, consisting of 17 pages, including the attached addendum of Defendant and her attorney, constitutes the complete plea agreement between the United States, Defendant, and Defendant's counsel. No promises or representations have been made by the United States except as set forth in writing in this plea agreement. Defendant acknowledges that no threats have been made against him and that he is pleading guilty freely and voluntarily because he is guilty.

	28. Any modification of this plea agreement must be in writing and signed
by all	parties.
	Filed at Houston, Texas, on December 6,
2021.	Defendant R. Heywood, M.
2021.	Subscribed and sworn to before me on <u>December</u> ,
	NATHAN OCHSNER, Clerk UNITED STATES DISTRICT CLERK  By: Chrida & Hawking
APPF	Deputy United States District Clerk ROVED:
Ву:	JENNIFER B. LOWERY Acting United States Attorney  Sherri L. Zack Assistant United States Attorney Southern District of Texas  JENNIFER B. LOWERY Brent Mayr Attorney for Defendant

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v. 
S CRIMINAL NO. 17-729S
S XAVIER RENALDO HAYWOOD,
Defendant.

#### PLEA AGREEMENT -- ADDENDUM

I have fully explained to Defendant his/her rights with respect to the pending superseding information. I have reviewed the provisions of the United States Sentencing Commission's Guidelines Manual and Policy Statements and I have fully and carefully explained to Defendant the provisions of those Guidelines which may apply in this case. I have also explained to Defendant that the Sentencing Guidelines are only advisory and the court may sentence Defendant up to the maximum allowed by statute per count of conviction. Further, I have carefully reviewed every part of this plea agreement with Defendant. To my knowledge, Defendant's decision to enter into this agreement is an informed and voluntary one.

Attorney for Defendant Date

I have consulted with my attorney and fully understand all my rights with respect to the superseding information pending against me. My attorney has fully

explained, and I understand, all my rights with respect to the provisions of the United States Sentencing Commission's Guidelines Manual which may apply in my case. I have read and carefully reviewed every part of this plea agreement with my attorney. I understand this agreement and I voluntarily agree to its terms.

Defendant |

Date